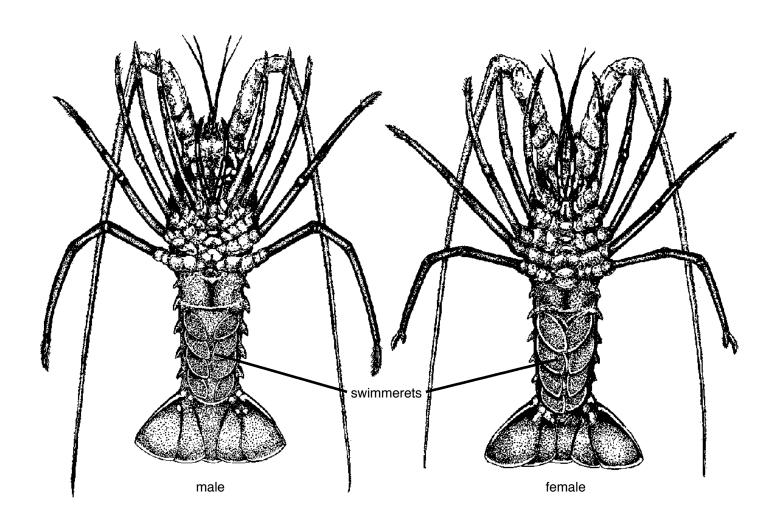
Notice to Fishermen

No taking or killing female spiny lobster, Kona crab, Samoan crab

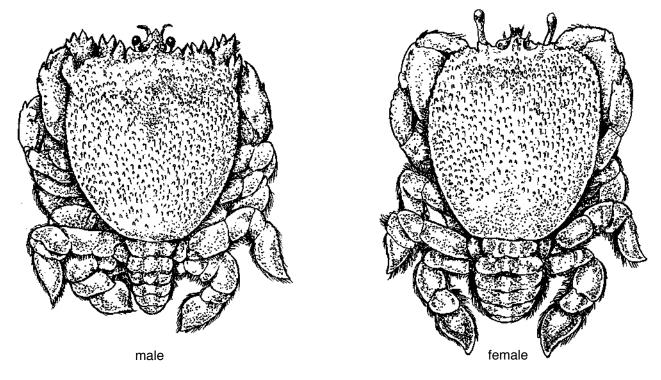
On May 4, 2006 Gov. Lingle signed into law Act 77, which prohibits the taking or killing of female ula (spiny lobsters), Kona crabs, and Samoan crabs. The law took effect the same day. Closed season for spiny lobsters and Kona crabs runs from May through August, but there is no closed season for Samoan crabs.



Spiny Lobster (ula)

Male: swimmerets on underside of "tail" (abdomen) each have one leaf-like segment; end of last (fifth) pair of walking legs similar to other walking legs and not claw-shaped.

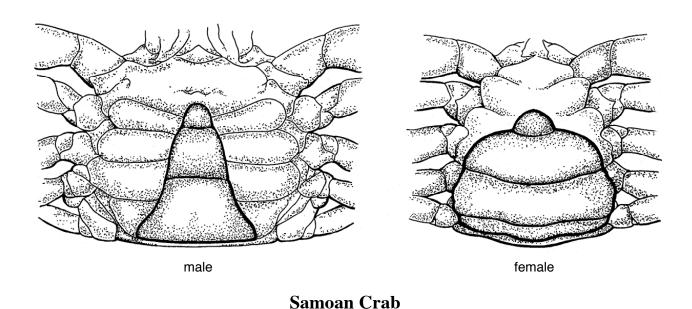
Female: swimmerets each have two branches - in first set both are leaf-like, others have one leaf-like and one rod-like branch; swimmerets usually larger than on males; black spermatophore (sperm packet, not shown) may be present at base of last two pairs of walking legs; end of fifth pair of walking legs claw-shaped.



Kona Crab

Male: "tail" (abdomen) narrow and pointed; front edge of carapace becomes squared with growth and develops horn-like extensions at the sides.

Female: abdomen broad and rounded, swimmerets under abdomen larger than in males and with numerous long bristles; front edge of carapace remains rounded and does not develop horn-like extensions.



Male: "tail" (abdomen) is continuously tapered from its point of attachment to last segment.

Female: abdomen is broad and rounded; first two segments about as wide as body.